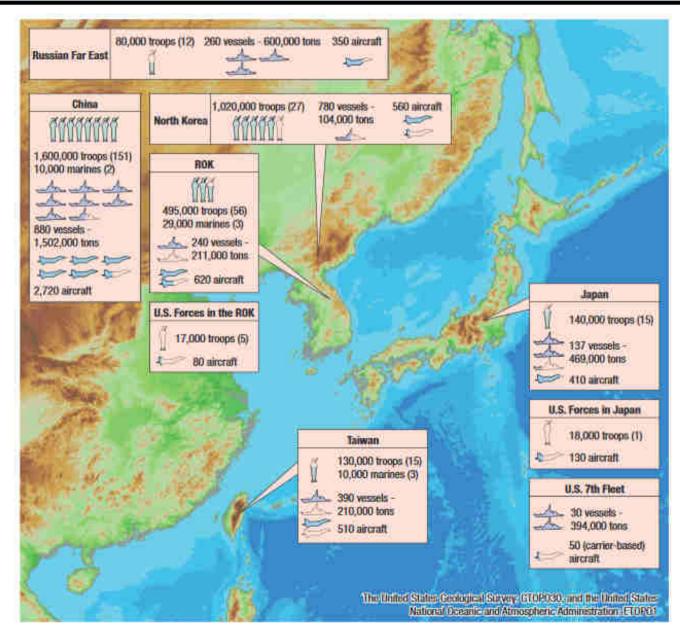
"Possible Flashpoints" in East Asia

Shingo YAMAGAMI

Overview



1

Overview



Regional Affairs 1 : Korean Peninsula 1

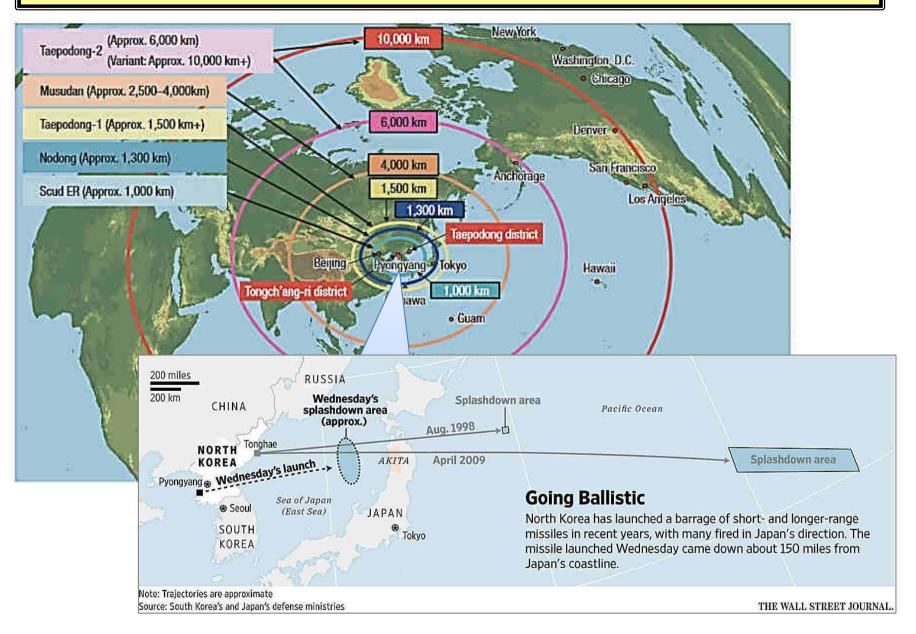


Escalating situation in 2016

Chronology of ballistic missile(BM) launches and nuclear tests 1993.5.29: launch of a BM 1998.8.31: "satellite launch" (Tepodong-1) 2006.7.5: multiple launches of BMs 2006.10.9: 1st nuclear test 2009.4.5: "satellite launch" (Tepodong-2) 2009.5 25: 2nd nuclear test 2009.7.4: multiple launches of BMs 2012.4.13: "satellite launch" (Tepodong-2) 2012.12.12: "satellite launch" (Tepodong-2) 2013.2.12: 3rd nuclear test 2014.3.3: launches of two BMs 2014.3.26: launches of two BMs 2014.6.29: multiple launches of BMs 2014.7.9: multiple launches of BMs 2014.7.13: launches of two BMs 2014.7.26: launch of a BM 2015.3.2: launches of two BMs

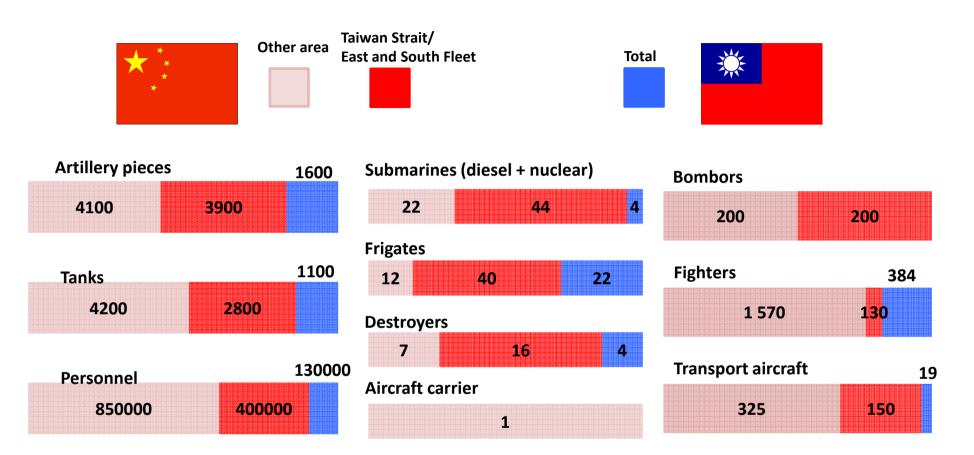
- Two nuclear tests [January (4th) and September (5th)]
- Repeated SLBMs tests [April to August]
- Shooting BMs into Japan's EEZ (August and September)
- Miniaturization of nuclear warhead? [September]

Regional Affairs 1 : Korean Peninsula (2)





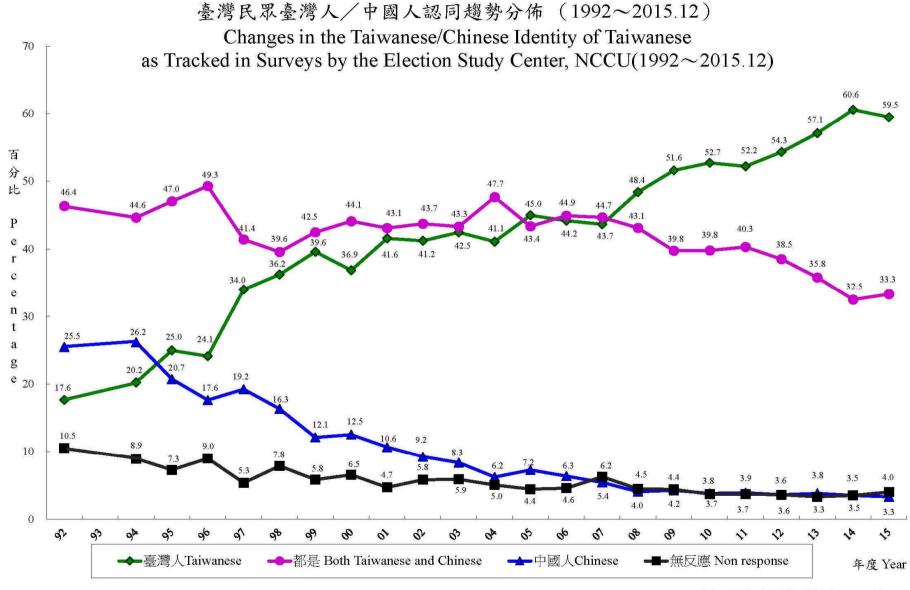
Regional Affairs 2 : Taiwan Strait (2)



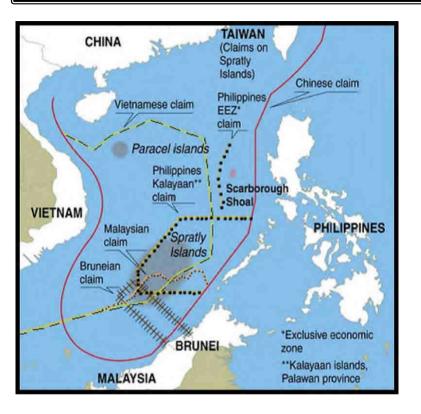
Defense Budget (SIPRI, Military Balance 2015)



Regional Affairs 2 : Taiwan Strait ③



Regional Affairs 3 : South China Sea (1)



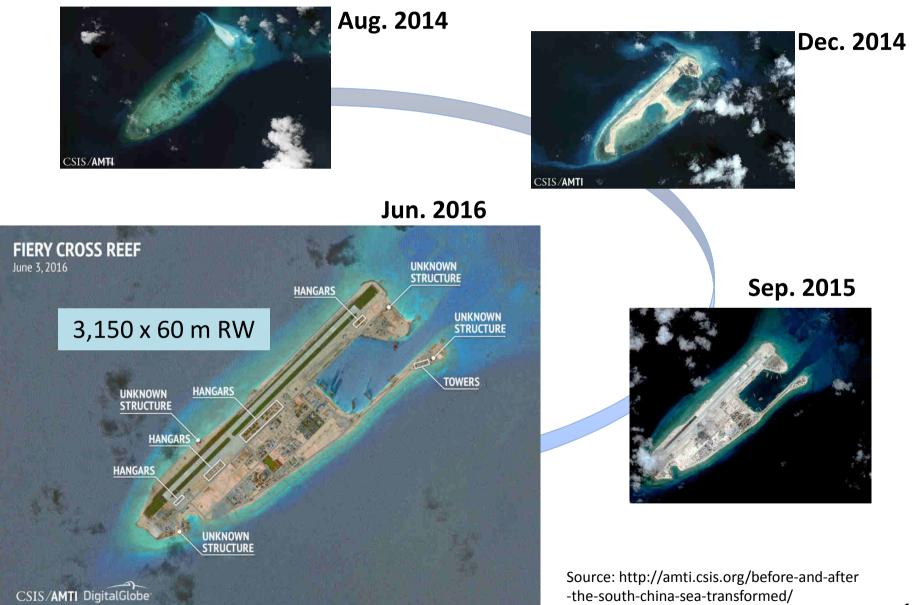


- Directly relates to the peace and stability in the Asia-Pacific region
- Common issues of interests and concerns for the international community including Japan

Regional Affairs 3 : South China Sea (2)

S Cubi Deef Ma	Scale of Reclamation	n (acres)
Vietnam 5. Gaven Reefs 2. Subi Reef	1. Mischief Reef	1,408
Vietnam 5. Gaven Reefs	2. Subi Reef	1,014
	3. Fiery Cross Reef	665
The second	4. Cuarteron Reef	61
3. Fiery Cross Reef	5. Gaven Reefs	36
<u>1. Mischief Reef</u>	6. Johnson Reef	27
	7. Hughes Reef	18
	Total	3,229
	Total Reclamation scale by	-
	Reclamation scale by	country
4. Cuarteron Reef	Reclamation scale by	-
4. Cuarteron Reef	Reclamation scale by	v country
4. Cuarteron Reef	Reclamation scale by 95%	 Country PRC Malaysia Vietnam Philippines
4. Cdarteron Reel	Reclamation scale by	 Country PRC Malaysia Vietnam

Regional Affairs 3 : South China Sea ③





Regional Affairs 3 : South China Sea (5)

China's position?



Foreign Ministry Spokesperson Hua Chunying (May 26, 2015)

Here is a gentle reminder to the Philippines: China will not bully small countries, meanwhile, small countries shall not make trouble willfully and endlessly.

Ads on a Philippine newspaper





Regional Affairs 3 : South China Sea (6)



"Three principles on the rule of law at sea"

(Proposed by Prime Minister Abe in his keynote address of 13th IISS Asian Security Summit "Shangri-La Dialogue", May 30, 2014)

- 1. States shall make and clarify their claims based on international law
- 2. States shall not use force or coercion in trying to drive their claims
- 3. States shall seek to settle disputes by peaceful means

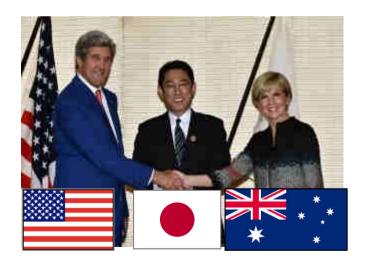
Regional Affairs 3 : South China Sea 7



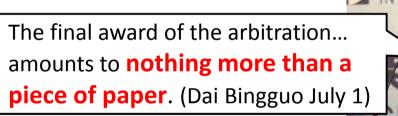
"Arbitration Award (July 12 2016)"

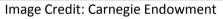
: <u>China's claims</u> to historic rights, or other sovereign rights or jurisdiction, with respect to the maritime areas encompassed by the 'ninedash line' <u>are contrary to the Convention</u>.

Image: Merits Hearing, November 2015



The ministers called on China and the Philippines to abide by the Award, which is **final and legally binding on both parties**. (TSD, July 25)







South China Sea arbitration is **completely a political farce** staged under legal pretext. (FM Wang Yi, July 12)

Image Credit: Xinhua

Rightist, hawkish, close to Japanese PM Shinzo Abe, pro-American, unfriendly to China... these are the tags that people often associate with (Shunji) Yanai. (**Xinhua News Agency**, July 17)

East China Sea (1)





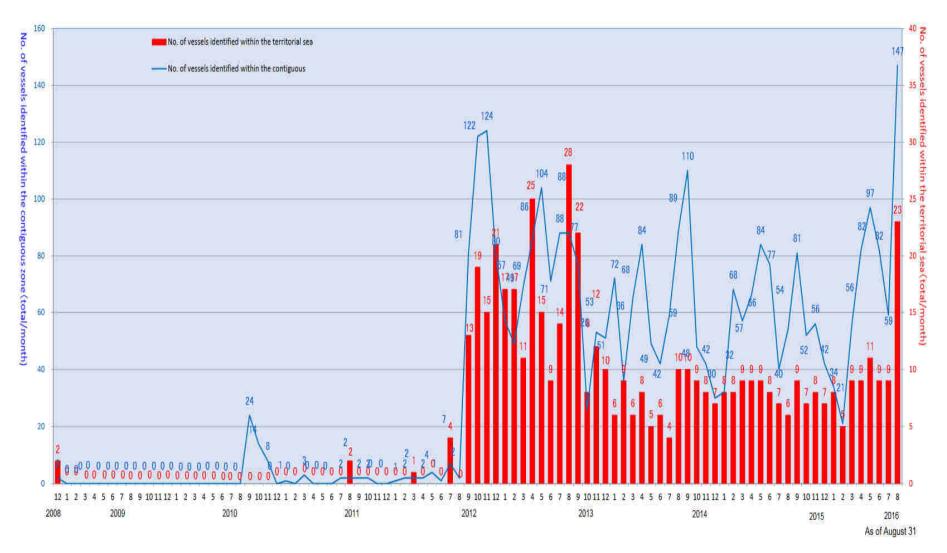
- Unilateral action to change the status quo by force and intimidation.
- Challenge to the rules-based international order, not just to Japan's sovereignty.

Regional Affairs 4 : East China Sea (2)



- Enactment of the Law on the Territorial Sea and the Contiguous Zone of the People's Republic of China (Territorial Waters Law) [February 1992]
- Increasing intrusions into territorial waters around the Senkaku Islands [Started in 2008, still continue]
- Ramming of a Chinese fishing boat into Japan Coast Gard patrol vessels in territorial waters around the Senkaku Islands [September 2010]
- China's announcement of the Establishment of "Air Defense Identification Zone (ADIZ) in the East China Sea" [November 2013]
- Chinese military jet fighters flew excessively close to aircrafts of the JMSDF and the JASDF over the high seas [May and June 2014]

Regional Affairs 4 : East China Sea ③



Since the Japan-China summit meeting in November 2014, Chinese government vessels have been entering the <u>contiguous zone every two days</u> and the <u>territorial sea three times a month</u> (in average)

Regional Affairs 4 : East China Sea 4

- For the first time in history, China's frigate Intrude the Contiguous Zone around the Senkaku Islands [9 June]
 Imagain Contiguous Cone around the Senkaku Islands (9 June)
 Imagain Contiguous Cone around the Senkaku Islands (9 June)
 Imagain Contiguous Cone around the Senkaku Islands (9 June)
 - Chinese warship entered Japan's territorial water around Kuchinoerabu island [15 June]

A group of as many as 15 Chinese government vessels and 200 to 300 fishing vessels repeatedly entered Japan's territorial waters around the Senkaku Islands [4 August ~ 26 August]

Yakushima 提久書

0

Dongdiao Class



Regional Affairs 4 : East China Sea (5)

The status of China's unilateral development of natural resources in the East China Sea (Examples of the installation of jackets and maritime platforms by China)



2nd structure: observed in July 2013



4th structure: observed in April 2014



8th structure: observed in August 2014



(left) 7th structure: observed in June 2014 (right) 10th structure: observed in June 2014



11th structure: observed in May 2015



12th structure: observed in June 2015

Regional Affairs 4 : East China Sea (6)

- <u>16 structures</u> on the Chinese side of the median line between Japan and China.
- The Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ) and the continental shelf in the East China Sea have not yet been delimited.
- China's unilateral development should be immediately ceased.
- Negotiations on the implementation of the "June 2008 Agreement*" should be resumed ASAP.

*Japan and China agreed to cooperate on the development of natural resources in the East China Sea

